## Manual

# LDM42E

# **Version 1.9**



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#### Dear User,

You are advised to carefully read this User Manual before powering on the LDM42E Laser distance measuring sensor for the first time.

This is necessary to ensure that you will be able to utilize all the capabilities and features which your new acquisition provides.

This technology is subject to continuously ongoing development.

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#### Note:

Proper care has been used in compiling this document. No liability will be accepted in the event of damage resulting from failure to comply with the information contained herein.

## **Revisions history**

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1.9	14.06.2021	Just LDM42E
1.8	08.04.2021	Ethernet changed
1.7	07.01.2020	Different errors fixed
1.6	27.07.2018	Max. Trigger voltage
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1.4	16.03.2015	New design

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General LDM42E Manual

#### 1 General

The LDM42E is a Laser sensor to measure distances from 0.1 m to more than 100 m with pinpoint accuracy.

A given target can be clearly identified with the help of a red Laser sighting point. In terms of operating reach, the LDM42E performs depending on the reflectance, morphology and qualities of the target to be measured.

The sensor works based on comparative phase measurement. It emits modulated Laser light which is diffusely reflected back from the target with a certain shift in phase to be compared with a reference signal. From the amount of phase shift, a required distance can then be determined with millimeter accuracy.

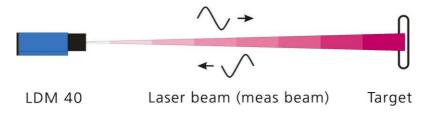


Figure 1: Measurement principle

A distance measuring cycle can be triggered in three different ways:

- By sending a command from the PC or another equivalent control unit
- By making appropriate prior parameter settings for the auto start command and applying supply voltage
- By external triggering (in remote-trigger mode).

For a more detailed description of these three trigger options, you should consult chapter 7, Commands and Parameter of this User Manual.

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LDM42E Manual General

#### Special performance features are:

 Provides high accuracy and great reach under extreme outdoor temperatures.

- Works in a wide range of operating voltages from 10 V= to 30 V= from an onboard vehicle supply point, an industrial direct voltage supply net or a DC power pack.
- Features consistently low power consumption of <1.5 W<sup>1</sup>
- Up to 30 m reach for distance measurement, with potential for more than 100 m reach if additional reflectors<sup>2</sup> are mounted onto the target (depending on reflectance and environmental conditions).
- Visible Laser beam for easier sighting.
- Fast Ethernet port for input of measuring functions commands from, and output of measured values to a PC or a PLC (Telnet connection)
- Switching output with adjustable limit and hysteresis.
- Measured values can be displayed in meters, decimeters, centimeters, feet and inches due to.
- Option for remote triggering of a measurement from an external trigger device.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Higher power consumption with active internal heating (LDM42E-h)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> e.g. 3M, self adhesive foil white non glossy or foil 3290 for longer distances

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Trigger function is not available for devices with internal heating (LDM42E-h)

## 2 Safety Instructions

#### 2.1 General Safety Instructions

These safety and operating instructions should be carefully read and followed during practical work with the LDM42E.



There is danger of Laser radiation or electrical shock. For necessary repair work, the LDM42E may not be opened by anyone other than Manufacturer personnel. Unauthorized intervention into the inner product space will void any warranty claims.

Compliance with all specified operating conditions is necessary.

Failure to observe advisory notes or nonconforming product usage may cause physical injury to the user or material damage to the LDM42E.

Cable connectors must not be plugged or unplugged under voltage. Remember to turn voltage supply off before you begin working on cable connections.

## 2.2 Intended & Conforming Use

- Measurement of distances
- Special measuring functions
- Compliance with prescribed temperatures for operation/storage
- Operation at correct voltage level
- Application of specified signal levels to the appropriate data lines

## 2.3 Nonconforming use

- Do not operate the LDM42E in any other way than described under "Intended & Conforming Use" above and only in a proper working condition
- Safety devices must not be defeated or otherwise rendered ineffective
- Information and warning signs must not be removed
- Repair work on the LDM42E must not be carried out by anyone other than authorized personnel.
- Refrain from using the LDM42E without certified protection in an explosive environment

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- Measurement with the LDM42E pointed at the sun or other strong light sources may produce faulty results
- Measurement of targets with poor surface reflectance in a strongly reflecting environment may also result faulty measurements.
- Measurement of strongly reflecting surfaces may deliver faulty results.
- Measurement performed through transparent optical media, for example glass, optical filters, Plexiglas, etc. may equally produce incorrect results.
- Measurement on translucent objects (materials allow light to pass through, but are not transparency, e.g. polystyrene, wax, different plastics etc.) can give a too large measured value, since also light is reflected by deeper layers
- Rapidly changing measuring conditions are likely to falsify the result of measurement

#### 2.4 Laser Classification

The LDM42E is a Class 2 laser product, ≤1 mW as stipulated in EN60825-1:2014, Class 2.

#### Caution:

#### There is Class 2 Laser radiation. Do not stare into beam!



Figure 2: Warning Sign Laser Radiation Class 2

The Laser power is limited to maximum 1 mW. The Laser radiation is visible. A short-term exposure (duration up to 0.25 s) is harmless to the eye.

Users are instructed by Laser warning sign (see Figure 2) to do not stare into the beam. They have to protect themselves by turn the head and/or closing the eyes and by avoid a long look into the beam.

Do not direct the Laser beam onto persons.

The sensor can use without any additional safety protection.

## 2.5 Electric Supply

Use only 10 V to 30 V DC (direct voltage) for LDM42E operation. Use only the specially designated connector terminal for voltage supply.

Specified signal levels must not be exceeded, in order to guarantee correct data communication.

#### 2.6 Important Operating Advice

To make full use of the system's inherent performance capabilities and achieve a long service life, you should always follow these operating rules:

- Do not turn the module on if there is fogging or soiling on its optical parts
- Do not touch any of the module's parts with bare hands.
- Proceed with care when removing dust or contamination from optical surfaces!
- Prevent shock impacts during transport and use of the LDM42E
- Prevent overheating of the LDM42E.
- Prevent major temperature variances during LDM42E operation
- In accordance with IP65 internal protection standards, the LDM42E is designed to be splash proof and dustproof.
- Read these safety and operating instructions with due care and follow them in practical use.

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LDM42E Manual Technical Data

#### 3 Technical Data

Table 1: Technical Data

Measurement range <sup>4</sup>	0.1 m up to 30 m with natural surfaces, depending on target reflectance or reflectors more than 100 m achievable <sup>5</sup>
Measuring accuracy <sup>6</sup>	$\pm 2$ mm under defined measuring conditions <sup>7</sup> $\pm 3$ mm (+15 °C up to +30 °C) $\pm 5$ mm (-10 °C up to +50 °C)
Resolution <sup>8</sup>	0.1 mm, user scalable, standard 1 mm
Reproducibility	±0.5 mm
Measuring time	0.24 to 6 s setup or auto Mode DT 0.1 s (10 Hz) mode DW at white surface 20 ms (50 Hz) mode DX at white surface
Target motion speed	≤4 m/s in DX-Mode (LDM42E only)
Acceleration	≤2,5 m/s² in DX-Mode (LDM42E only)
Operating temperature	-10 °C up to +50 °C -40 °C up to +50 °C (-h option only)
Storage temperature	-40 °C up to +70 °C
Supply voltage	10 V 30 V DC (protected against polarity reversal) <sup>9</sup>
Power consumption	Depending on operation mode < 2.5 W in Standby < 3.5 W for distance tracking < 24 W with heating active (-h option only)

<sup>4</sup> dependent on target reflectance, stray light influences and atmospheric conditions

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> e.g. 3M, self-adhesive foil white, non-glossy

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> statistic spread 95 %

 $<sup>^7</sup>$  for measurement at a planar white target surface in continues movement or still standing, +15 up to +30  $^\circ\text{C}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> dependent on target reflectance, stray light influences and atmospheric conditions

 $<sup>^{9}</sup>$  Please use only 24 V DC For devices with heating (LDM42E-h) The heater is connected directly to the power supply.

Technical Data LDM42E Manual

Data interface	Fast Ethernet 10/100 Mbit, (Telnet, UDP, TCP) RS232 for Service and start-up, baud rate 2400115.200 (standard 38.400)
Digital switching output	"high-side-switch", programmable switching threshold and hysteresis, rated for max. load of $0.5 \text{ A}$ , HIGH = UB - 2 V, LOW < 2 V
Digital input <sup>10</sup>	External trigger, trigger pulse 3 up to 20 V, pulse length≥ 1 ms, start of measurement 5 ms + trigger delay, trigger slope and delay can be set (0 ms 9999 ms),
EMC	EN 61326-1
Shock resistance	10 g / 6 ms
	Persistence shock DIN ISO 9022-3-31-01-1
Laser Class	Laser class 2, under EN60825-1:2014, Class 2
Wave length	650 nm (red visible)
Laser divergence <sup>11</sup>	0.6 mrad
Laser angle tolerance	Better than ± 1° to the ground plane
MTBF	30,000 h, 24/7, Operation temp +25 °C
Connector	12-pol. M18-male socket, Binder Serie 423
Dimensions (LxWxH)	212 mm x 96 mm x 50 mm
Mounting	100 mm x 85 mm, 4 x M6 holes
Weight	approx. 800 g
Protection class	IP 65 (splash water and dust protection)

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 $<sup>^{10}</sup>$  trigger function is not available for devices with internal heating (LDM42E-h)

 $<sup>^{11}</sup>$  at 10 m distance the beam diameter is 6 mm, at a distance of 50 m it is 3 cm and at a distance of 100 m it is 6 cm

### 4 Mechanical Mounting Conditions

The casing consists of a rugged, corrosion-resistant extruded aluminum profile with front-side and rear-side covers also in corrosion-resistant design. Four mounting holes are provided in the base plate for mechanical attachment of the LDM42E-h.

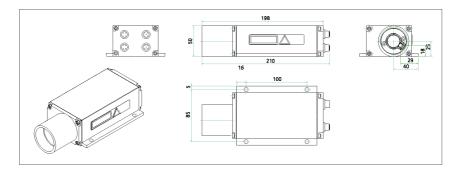


Figure 3: Dimensional drawing

To protect the sensor's optical surfaces from dust, physical contact, mechanical impacts, etc., the casing has a protection tube attached to it. Optionally different protection windows and optical filters are available. Please note that measurement cannot be guaranteed to function correctly if the equalizer tube is removed by unqualified action!

The interface connector is located on the back cover. Interface cables with different length are available (standard 2 m, optionally 5 or 10 m).

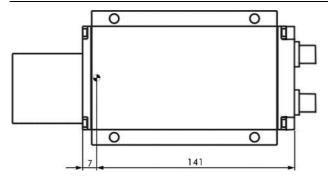


Figure 4 : Offset against zero-edge

The LDM42E's zero-point is located 7 mm behind the outer surface of the front cover or 137 mm before the back cover outside face respectively. This zero-point has been introduced for constructional design reasons. It can be compensated with the help of parameter "OF" (see section 7.24 OF – display/set distance offset)

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#### 5 Electrical Connection

#### 5.1 Rear-Side Cover Terminals

Connector terminals are located on the rear-side cover of the device. The terminals use standard M12 metal circular plug-in connectors (from Binder) or compatible connectors, sealed against the casing in compliance with IP 65 requirements. This connector type guarantees optimised screening and a high IP level.

The following connection plugs should be used:

Table 2: LDM42E terminals

Quantity	Connector Type	Use
1	4-pin male cable connector (standard M12, D-coded)	Fast Ethernet 10/100
1	5-pin male cable connector (standard M12, A-coded)	RS232
1	5-pin female cable connector (standard M12, A-coded)	Power supply, switching output and trigger input



**Note:** Various connectors and cables are available. Please ensure that **only shielded connectors and shielded cables** are used.

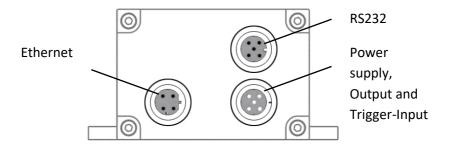


Figure 5: LDM42E terminals

#### 5.2 Assignment of Terminals

#### **Power Supply**

The required power supply is 10 to 30 V DC.

The trigger input allows for a distance measurement via an external signal in the form of a voltage impulse from 3 to 20 V (only DF mode, please see Chapter 8).

Table 3: Pin assignment power supply and trigger

Pin	Description	Colour	Comment
1	VCC	brown	Power supply 10 to 30 V
2	OUT	white	Switching Output
3	GND	blue	Power supply 0 V
4	CONFIG	black	do not use (for service only)
5	TRIGGER	gray	Trigger input 3 to 20 V (ground potential GND)

#### **Fast Ethernet**

The LDM42E has a terminal for circular plug-in connectors (series 715 D for Ethernet from Binder) conforming to the relevant standards.

Table 4: Pin assignment Fast Ethernet

Pin	Description	Comment	
1	TD+	TD+,	RJ45: 1 = white/orange
2	RD+	RD+,	RJ45: 3 = white/green
3	TD-	TD-,	RJ45: 2 = orange
4	RD-	RD-,	RJ45: 6 = green

GND wires are connected to an internal collective ground point. They provide the reference potential for all voltage values quoted below.



**Note:** Only use connection plugs and Ethernet cables that conform to the relevant standards

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#### **RS232 Serial Interface**



**Note:** All commands in Chapter 7 are possible with the RS232 and also with Ethernet (Telnet)! The use of RS232 can therefore usually be avoided!

The RS232 interface was originally designed as a PC interface only. It has now become the standard for serial data transfer for short distances. It is subject to interference when used for longer distances, in particular, in environments with interfering high-frequency electromagnetic radiance. As a result, this interface should only be used for configuring the LDM42E. Please configure using the programming cable and the LDMTool program.



**Note:** The receiving line of the RS232 serial interface of the LDM42E is deactivated while connecting to the Telnet-client. If the Telnet connection is terminated, the full use of the RS232 is again possible.

Please observe the RS232 standard. The maximum extension of the RS232 lines is 15 m.

Table 5: Pin assignment RS232

Pin	Description	Colour	Comment
1	RxD	brown	Receiving line
2	TxD	white	Transmit line
3	GND	blue	Ground potential



**Note:** Following successful programming, remove the RS232 cable and protect the RS232 cable connector with the enclosed sealing plug against entry of dirt.

#### **Programming Cable**

Connection to a PC requires the following cable with SUB-D 9 F connectors. The TxD and RxD signals of the LDM42E and the PC connection are crossed. The colours apply to the optional programming cable.

Table 6: Pin assignment programming cable

Pin LDM 4xE	Description	Colour	Pin SUB-D 9 F	Description
1	RxD	brown	3	TxD
2	TxD	white	2	RxD
3	GND	blue	5	GND

#### 5.3 Shield and Grounding

Cable shields must be grounded with low resistance. Only high-quality shielded cables should be used

Carrier bases and control boxes should have equal potential. Potential differences could lead to electrical currents and may cause EMC problems (no correct measurement function or switching the gauge off or on is necessary).

If no potential equalization is possible, then mount LDM42E isolated from the carrier base (use nylon screws and washers). Connect the screen with mass to the cable end. This way of assembly should also be used when installing the LDM42E inside vehicles

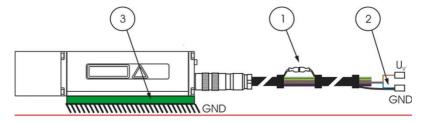


Figure 6: Isolated installation

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## 5.4 Limiting Values for Voltages

GND lines of the power supply and RS232 terminals are connected internally and form the ground potential for all of the limiting values indicated below.

#### Input voltages:

Table 7: Input voltages

Terminal point	Voltage	Comment
VCC	+10 up to +30 V	pole-reversal-protected
CONFIG	do not connect	reserved
TRIG <sup>12</sup>	± 25 V	short-circuit-proof
RxD	± 25 V	short-circuit-proof

## **Output voltages:**

**Table 8: Output voltages** 

Terminal point	Voltage	Comment
OUT	like VCC ( $R_i$ 135 m $\Omega$ )	max. 0.7 A load;
		short-circuit-proof
TxD	±5.4 V	short-circuit-proof

Limiting values of voltages, loads and logical levels comply with relevant RS232 and Ethernet standards. All outputs are sustained-short-circuit-proof.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Trigger function is not available for devices with internal heating (option –h)

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## 6 Start up

Make sure that all cable ends are protected against short circuit effects before you turn on power supply!

Connect cable terminals as required for the particular operating mode. To prevent short circuits, you should seal unused cable ends!

As part of preparative actions, the LDM42E must be properly installed in the designated working site, oriented onto the target and kept in a stable position. The target to be measured should preferentially have a homogeneous, bright surface.



## Caution: Do not use any retro reflectors!

The alignment of the LDM42E is facilitated by a Laser beam<sup>13</sup> that is visible and can easily be turned on at the PC (e.g. command DT starting the measurement and switch the Laser on, see 7.2).

#### 6.1 Start up with RS232

For starting up, a PC with RS232 data interface or a USB converter for RS232 and a terminal program are required. We recommend the Windows program LDMTOOL Version 4.0 or higher.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> depending on ambient light and target conditions

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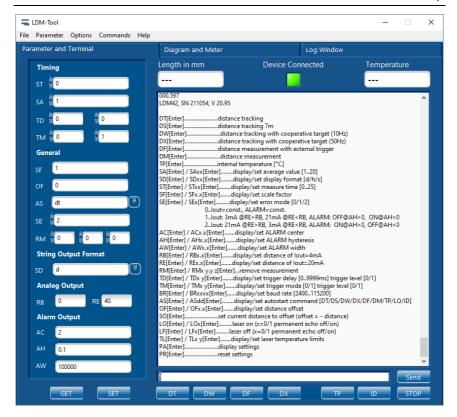


Figure 7: Program LDMTool

## 6.2 Start up with Ethernet

The LDM42E come with a default IP address and subnet mask:

IP-Address: 192.168.0.52

Net mask: 255.255.0.0

Alternatively, there is a removable sticker with this information on the device.

Connect the LDM42E over a Switch or Hub to the network.

If the IP address of your PC does not start with 192.168 ... you have to unplug the PC from the network and change the IP of your PC and establish a local connection to the PC.

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You can discover the IP address of your PC with Start | Run cmd (starting the command input) and the then command ipconfig.

Use the program "EtherTool" by ASTECH and run "Search". Alternatively, start a telnet client (Windows Telnet, putty or other via TCP/IP port 23) and connecting you with specifies the IP of the LDM42E.

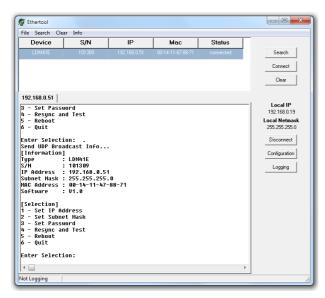


Figure 8: Program EtherTool

After Telnet connection is established, you get by entering the "#" in the configuration mode (see image above). By entering the number corresponding to [Selection], you can change IP addresses and subnet mask.



**Attention:** The changed IP addresses and subnet mask is active after a restart of the device! Then you must re-establish the Telnet connection.

The configuration mode can be protected by an individual password. The default password is "astech". The password must be at least 4 characters long. If no password characters are entered it will be cleared and the access to Telnet takes places without password request.

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**Attention:** Store the password secure and loss protected. The configuration mode can call no longer without the password! If this happened, please contact ASTECH.

#### 7 Commands and Parameter

#### 7.1 General

The LDM42E can be parameterized very easy with the PC. The PC must be equipped with a serial interface RS232 according to the attached LDM42E. The use of USB to serial converters is also possible. An optional programming cable is necessary. On the PC a terminal program must be installed (LDMTOOL or HyperTerminal). By selecting ID[Enter] command, you may call up the menu with available setup commands (DX[Enter] only LDM42E):

In preparation of a measurement so the sensor can be adapted by intelligent parameterize optimally to the measuring conditions and the measuring task.

All valid settings will be preserved on turning LDM42E off! They can only be replaced with new value entries or changed back to their standard values by running an initialization routine.

Command entries are not case-sensitive. This means that small and capital lettering can be used for commands. Any command must be terminated by a hexadecimal ODh (carriage return) character. Where decimal digits are to be entered, they must be separated by period (2Eh).

For command parameter entries, one must distinguish between parameter settings and parameter queries. Querying is achieved with a command in simple format, e.g. (for alarm center parameters):

#### AC[Enter]

For parameter setting, a new value must be added after the command with no delimitation sign in between, for example:

#### AC20.8[Enter]

In the given example, the alarm center will be set to 20.8.

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**Note:** The LDM42E is not equipped with an analogue current output. Therefore, the configuration commands for the analog output have no effect on the behaviour of the device. However, they do ensure compatibility with the LDM42A (without Ethernet interface).

#### 7.2 DT – distance tracking

Input parameter SA, SD, SE, SF, ST, OF

Output RS232/RS232, digital switching output, Ethernet output

DT mode can be chosen for distance measurement of different kinds of surfaces (varying reflectance). In this type of distance tracking mode, the LDM42E uses internal algorithms to continuously evaluate the quality of the Laser radiation signal that is coming back. This may cause longer measuring times in the case of poor reflectance or sudden jumps in distance.

The minimum time to measure is 100 ms, the maximum time is 6 s. If the measuring signal fails to reach a specified quality within six seconds, an error message is output.

The time to measure may also be limited by setting the ST parameter to a desired value. ESC stops the measurement.

#### 7.3 DS – distance tracking (<7 m)

Input parameter SA, SD, SE, SF, ST, OF

Output RS232, digital switching output, Ethernet output

Operation in DS mode makes sense where different types of surfaces have to be measured at <u>close range up to 7 m</u>. Compared to DT measuring mode, it allows a higher measurement rate. Within the range from 0.1 m to 0.5 m, measuring accuracy is restricted (± 4 mm). Measuring time (time to measure) can be limited via ST parameter settings.

ESC stops the measurement.

## 7.4 DW – distance tracking with target board (10 Hz)

Input parameter SA, SD, SE, SF, OF

Output RS232, digital switching output, Ethernet output

DW mode performs at a steady measuring rate of 10 Hz. As a necessary precondition for measured values to be stable, a white target board must be placed at the selected object. There must be no sudden jumps in distance greater than 16 cm within the measuring field!

ESC stops the measurement.

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#### 7.5 DX – distance tracking with target board (50 Hz)

Input parameter SA, SD, SE, SF, OF

Output RS232, digital switching output, Ethernet output

DX mode performs at a steady measuring rate of 50 Hz (only LDM42). As a necessary precondition for measured values to be stable, a white target board must be placed at the selected object.

This measurement mode is intended in the first place for objects performing homogeneous motion up to 4m/s. For higher rates of measurement, preceding measured values will be included in the process to calculate a currently measured value. There must be no sudden jumps in distance greater than 16 cm within the measuring field!



Caution: To prevent transmission problems, please use 9600 baud as the minimal baud rate for DX Mode!

## 7.6 DF – distance measurement with external trigger<sup>14</sup>

Input parameter SD, SE, SF, ST, OF, TD, ST, SA, RM

Output RS232, digital switching output, Ethernet output

DF mode allows a measurement that is triggered by an external trigger pulse.

Initially, after selecting this mode, the operator does not receive any response. As soon as the trigger pulse has been detected, the LDM42E will send data and switches to digital and/or Ethernet output.

Settings for trigger delay (delay) and trigger slope can be defined via parameter TD (see 7.20 TDx y - display/set trigger delay trigger level).

With ST=1 the maximum trigger frequency should not exceed 3.5 Hz.

 $^{14}$  Trigger function is not available for devices with internal heating (option -h)

#### 7.7 DM – distance measurement

Input parameter SD, SE, SF, ST, OF

Output RS232, digital switching output, Ethernet output

DM mode triggers a single measurement (single shot)

#### 7.8 TP – internal temperature [°C]

TP gueries the value of the inner LDM42E temperature.

Note: In tracking mode, the inner temperature may exceed the surrounding temperature level by as much as 10 K.

#### 7.9 SA – display/set average value [1..20]

SA allows you to calculate a floating average value from 1 to 20 measured values. Calculation is based on this formula:

Average value: 
$$\chi = \frac{x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + ... + x_{n(20)}}{n}$$

Standard setting is 1 (no average).

## 7.10 SD – display/set display format [d/h/s}]

SD selects the output format of measured value data. There are three modes available:

Table 9: Output format LDM42E

Parameter	Output	Format
d	decimal	xxx.xxx <cr><lf></lf></cr>
		x=09
h	hexadecimal	<space>xxxxxx<cr><lf></lf></cr></space>
		x=0F
S	decimal with signal	xxx.xxx <space>yyyyyy<cr><lf></lf></cr></space>
	quality	x=09; y=09

SD affects all commands that output a distance value.

An output value is calculated from a given measured distance value (in mm), multiplied by the scale factor SF.

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Negative distance values are output in two's complement notation.

The value for the signal quality varies between 0 and 1024. 0 means a bad signal quality while 1024 indicates a very good signal quality.

#### Examples:

```
Distance = 4,996 m, SF1
        dec:
                 004.996<CR><LF>
                 <SPACF>001384<CR><I F>
        hex:
        (= 4996 \text{ mm} \times \text{SF1})
        dec+sig: 004.996 000005<CR><LF>
        (bad signal quality)
        dec+sig: 004.996_000985<CR><LF>
        (good signal quality)
Distance = 4,996 m, SF10
        dec:
                 049.960<CR><1 F>
        hex:
                 00C328<CR><LF>
        (= 49960 = 4996 \text{ mm} \times \text{SF10})
        dec+sig: 049.960 000005<CR><LF>
Frror case
        dec/hex:
                          E15<CR><LF>
        (see 10 Error Codes)
```

## 7.11 ST – display/set measure time [0..25]

Measuring time is directly conditional on the selected measuring mode. As a general rule, one may say: the poorer the reflectance of the surface of a particular target, the more time the LDM42E will require to determine the distance with specified accuracy. For example, if error message E15 is output because of poor reflectance and insufficient time to measure, this latter setting must be increased.

The available value range for measuring time is 0 to 25. Basically, the greater the time setting is the more time will be available for measurement and the lower the resulting measuring rate.

An exception there from is zero-value. In this case, the LDM42E automatically picks the smallest possible time value for measurement!

The LDM42E comes factory-set with ST = 0.

ST is effective in the DT, DF and DM mode of operation.

The measuring time setting option can also be used to modify the measuring rate, for example, in order to restrict the data volume or for synchronization purposes. Measuring time can only be set as an approximate value, because the underlying principle of measurement is subject to certain variances that cannot be accounted for:

DT measuring mode  $\rightarrow$  measuring time= ST x 100 ms (except ST = 0)

DS measuring mode  $\rightarrow$  measuring time = ST x 100 ms (except ST = 0)

#### Example:

The target distance is 25 m, but the target's reflectance is not ideal. With a measuring time setting of ST 2, E15 will be output following measurement. The user must increase the time (ST > 2) or set auto (ST = 0) to measure in this case!



One should work in DW or DX measuring mode where stable measuring times are required.

## 7.12 SF – display/set scale factor

SF multiplies a calculated distance value with a user-selectable factor for changes in resolution or outputs in a different unit of measure. The scale factor may also be negative. Standard setting is 1.

The scale factor influences the output of measurement results, Offset (OF), Alarm Centre (AC), Alarm Hysteresis (AH), Range Begin (RB) and Range End (RE)!

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Table 10 : Examples of Scale factor

Scale factor	Resolution	Output	<b>Output Unit</b>
SF1	1 mm	012.345	m
SF10	0.1 mm	123.450	dm
SF1.0936	0.01 yard	013.500	yard
SF3.28084	0.01 feet	040.501	feet
SF0.3937	1 inch	004.860	100 inch
SF-1	1 mm	-12.345	m



Note: Following a change in the scale factor, the settings for digital and/or data output and offset must be matched accordingly!

#### 7.13 SE – display/set error mode [0/1/2]

SE (error mode) allows you to configure the behavior of the digital switching output (alarm) following an error message (E15, E16, E17). Depending on the particular LDM42E application environment, error messages have to be handled in different ways.

Available setting options are 0, 1 and 2 with the following effects in the case of an error:

Table 11: Meaning of SE

SE	Digital switching output (Alarm)
0	ALARM of latest valid measurement
1	Positive alarm hysteresis = LOW
	Negative alarm hysteresis = HIGH
2	Positive alarm hysteresis = HIGH
	Negative alarm hysteresis = LOW

## 7.14 AC – display set ALARM center

AC sets the beginning of the distance range, for which the switching output will be turned active. The length of this active range can be set using the AW parameter.

AC must be selected in keeping with the currently set SF scale factor (see 8.5 Digital switching Output (Alarm)).

#### 7.15 AH – display/set ALARM hysteresis

AH allows you to make parameter settings for the switching hysteresis at the beginning and the end point of the active range of the switching output.

AH must be selected so it is properly matched to the currently valid scale factor (SF).

The mathematical sign of AH can be used to set an active state logic level:

Positive sign ("+"): active range is HIGH-active.

Negative sign ("-"): active range is LOW-active.

No sign setting means positively-signed (see 8.5 Digital switching Output (Alarm)).

#### 7.16 AW – display/set ALARM width

AW sets the length of the active range, beginning at AC.

AW settings must be made in agreement with the currently valid SF scale factor.

AW is always equal or greater than "0" (zero).

AW is always equal or greater than |AH| (the amount of AH).

Standard setting is 100000 – means off.

## 7.17 HO – display/set Temperature for heating on<sup>15</sup>

HO displays/sets the temperature value at which the internal heating is switched on. The values can be varied between -40°C and 70°C.

Standard setting is 3°C.

## 7.18 HF - display/set Temperature for heating off 15

HF displays/sets the temperature value at which the internal heating is switched off. The values can be varied between -40°C and 70°C. Standard setting is 12°C.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Only for devices with internal heating (option -h)

## 7.19 RMx y z – display/set remove measurement

Standard setting: 0 0 0

RM is intended to facilitate settings for a range of expected distance values.

Values which are found to be outside of this expected range will be corrected until matching the most recently valid measured values.

#### RM is only effective in DT mode.

It consists of three parameters which are separated by space (20h).

- x designates the number of preceding measured values that will be evaluated in the case of non-conforming measurement. A maximum of ten preceding measured values can be evaluated.
- y defines the range of permissible values. If this range is exceeded in negative or positive direction, the respective measured value will be corrected accordingly.
- z stands for the number of values that are out of the permissible value range (out of tolerance values). In the event of out-of-tolerance values arriving in succession, the most recently corrected value will be included in the correction process for the next out-of-tolerance value. The maximum allowed number of out-of-tolerance values is 100.



Important: The use of RM parameter settings should be restricted to suitable applications only. Improper use of the parameter may create safety hazards!

## 7.20 TDx y - display/set trigger delay trigger level<sup>16</sup>

TD is only intended for the configuration of the remote trigger input (see 7.6 DF – distance measurement with external trigger).

TD consists of two sub parameters, of the actual delay value, i.e. the delay time, and the trigger level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Trigger function is not available for devices with internal heating (option -h)

Trigger delay corresponds to the time from arrival of the trigger signal to the starting point of a measurement. It may be set to any value between 0 and 9999 ms. With the help of the trigger level one may define if measurement is to begin on a rising or a falling pulse slope.

Trigger delay and trigger level must be separated by space (20h) in the entry line. Standard setting: 0 0.

- x Delay time between trigger signal and start of measurement, delay can be set from 0 to 9999 ms.
- y 0 for HIGH  $\rightarrow$  LOW-slope 1 for LOW  $\rightarrow$  HIGH-slope

#### Example:

TD1000 0[Enter]

In the given example, the delay has been set to 1000 ms and the trigger slope to "rising" (LOW-to-HIGH transition)

## 7.21 TMx y - display/set trigger mode trigger level<sup>17</sup>

TM provides parameter setting options for the auto-start trigger function which allows external triggering of the auto-start command that was set via parameter AS. Triggering is accomplished via the external trigger input. All starting modes which are selectable via AS can be launched and stopped by external triggering. These are: DS/DT/DW/DX/DF/DM/TP/LO/ID.

TM consists of two parameters which are separated by space (20h).

- x 0... Trigger function turned off
  - 1... Trigger function turned on
- y 0 ... measurement is triggered on trigger line at L-level (HIGH  $\rightarrow$  LOW slope)
  - 1 ... measurement is triggered on trigger line at H-level (LOW  $\rightarrow$  HIGH slope)

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Trigger function is not available for devices with internal heating (option -h)

Standard setting is TM0 1.

For triggering, the trigger level must be permanently applied!

## Examples:

## a) ASDT

TM11

Trigger signal =  $H \rightarrow DT$  is performed Trigger signal =  $L \rightarrow DT$  is stopped

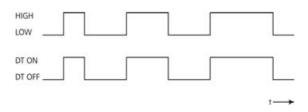


Figure 9 : Trigger level = 1

## b) ASDM

TM10

Trigger signal=H → no change in state

Trigger signal=L  $\rightarrow$  DM active, i.e. one measurement is triggered

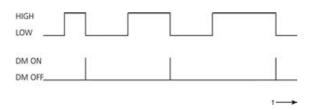


Figure 10: Trigger level = 0

## 7.22 BR – display/set baud rate [2400...38400]

Available baud rate settings are: 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400. Faulty entries will be rounded to the nearest baud rate. A fixed data format of eight data bits, with no parity and one stop bit is used. Standard setting is 38400 baud.

## 7.23 AS – display/set autostart command

AS (auto start) defines which function will be carried out when power becomes available to the LDM42E.

Possible entries are those delivering a measured value on the output side, an ID command or the command for turning the Laser on (LO).

For example, if AS DT has been parameterized, the LDM42E will begin with distance tracking on turning on power.

## 7.24 OF - display/set distance offset

With the help of OF (offset) the user may define a zero-point for his/her application. For details about the position of the module's zero-point, refer to section 4. OF has to match the current valid scale factor setting (SF).

OF may also take on negative values. Standard setting is0

#### 7.25 SO – set current distance to offset

SO performs a distance measurement and saves the measured reading as an offset value with inverted mathematical sign (OF).

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#### 7.26 LO – Laser on

LO turns the Laser on. This function can be used for orientation or functional testing of the LDM42E. After sending the command LO it's necessary to send LF!

#### 7.27 LF – laser off

LF turns the Laser off.

## 7.28 PA – display settings

PA lists all parameters in a table.

## 7.29 PR – reset settings

PR resets all parameters (except baud rate). After this a new configuration of the LDM42E is necessary

```
display format[SD].....d
measure time[ST].....0
scale factor[SF].....1
error mode[SE].....1
ALARM center[AC]......1000
ALARM hysterese[AH].....0.1
ALARM width[AW].....100000
distance of Iout=4mA [RB].....1000
distance of Iout=20mA [RE].....2000
remove measurement [RM].....0 0 0
trigger delay, trigger level[TD]..0 0
trigger mode, trigger level[TM]...0 1
baud rate[BR].....9600
autostart command[AS].....ID
distance offset[OF].....0
```



Use instead of PR the "Set Standard" command from Windows program LDMTool.

## 8 Interface Connection

#### 8.1 Ethernet and Telnet

Ethernet is the most widely used standard for wired networks. The LDM42E realizes Fast Ethernet with 100 MBit/s.

The data is transmitted using Telnet (port 23). This must be established with a Telnet client connects to the Telnet server in the LDM42E. The program EtherTool provides an integrated telnet client.

The commands are described in chapter 7 starting page 26. The data output format is determined by parameter SD (display format), see page 30.

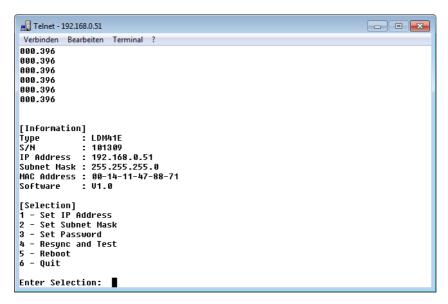


Figure 11: Example Telnet Program

You can use Telnet also for the configuration of both communications channels UDP and TCP.



The values for the communication channels must follow this pattern:

IP-address: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx

port number: xxxxx

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## 8.2 UDP and TCP

With the UDP and TCP protocol the LDM can send measurement data across an Ethernet network. There are 3 parallel channels available:

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#### **UDP Broadcast:**

- One separate UDP channel to search for devices in the network via broadcast telegram
- Reading out device type, serial number, IP address and connection status
- List port with LDM = 33003
- Identification for ASTECH devices = 0x05

#### UDP Data:

- Output of actual measurement data
- Selectable destination IP-address and port number for network target

#### TCP Data:

- one TCP/IP channel for output of actual measurement data
- device acts as a server and can be accessed anywhere from the network
- Standard port of LDM = 33005
- Control of basic LDM functions via Control Byte

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#### **Output Data format**

The output data format for UDP and TCP is a fix 15-byte data package with the following allocation:

Table 12: TCP/UDP data package

Byte No.	Meaning
1	Error counter, 1 Byte
2	Error code, 1 Byte
34	Life counter, 2 Byte
58	Timestamp, 4 Byte
912	Distance value, 4 Byte
13	Temperature, 1 Byte
1415	Reserved, 2 Byte

## **TCP Control Byte:**

- The control byte sets the Measuring Mode via **Bit 0 to 2**. For a description of the various modes, please see Chapter 8.
- Bit 3 to 5 are reserved and can be set to 0.
- If Bit 6 has been set to 1, then the actual measuring value is kept. If Bit 6 is set from 0 to 1, the 1/0 slope is also activated. This slope will provide a new measurement for the DM single measurement mode and TP temperature measurement. For all other modes, Bit 6 generally remains 0.
- To turn off the Laser and switch the LDM42PN to standby operation, Bit 7 should be set at 1. The remaining bits have no meaning.
- If all bits are set at 0, then the LDM42PN will operate in the DT mode (Distance Tracking, continuous measurement).

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Table 13: TCP control byte - meaning of bits

Bit	Meaning
02	LDM measuring mode:  000 – DT (continuous)  001 – DW (continuous)  010 – DF (external trigger)  011 – DX  100 – TP (single)  101 – DM (single)  110 – DS (continuous)
35	Reserved, set to 0
6	Toggle bit for TP, DM
7	Laser off

To prevent unauthorized and involuntary access via the control Byte, it must be sent with the following format:

Table 14: TCP control telegram format

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3
character "*" 0x2A	Control Byte	character "EOF" 0x04

#### 8.3 Serial Interface RS232

Initially, RS232 communication interfaces purely functioned as PC communication ports. They have become the established standard tool for serial data transmission over short cable lengths. With greater transmission lengths, the interface is highly susceptible to interferences, notably, in the vicinity of strong electromagnetic noise emitters.

Therefore, it should only be used for LDM42E configuration.

The commands of the serial interface are described in chapter 7 starting page 26. The data output format is determined by parameter SD (display format), see page 30.

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# 8.4 Output Format Ethernet and RS232

The output format on the serial interface is selected by the command SD. There are three modes available:

Table 15: Output format

Parameter	Output	Format
d	decimal	xxx.xxx <cr><lf></lf></cr>
		x=09
h	hexadecimal	<space>xxxxxx<cr><lf></lf></cr></space>
		x=0F
S	Decimal with signal	xxx.xxx <space>yyyyyy<cr><lf></lf></cr></space>
	quality	x=09; y=09

SD affects all commands that output a distance value.

An output value is calculated from a given measured distance value (in mm), multiplied by the scale factor SF.

Negative distance values are output in two's complement notation.

The value for the signal quality varies between 0 and 1024. 0 means a bad signal quality while 1024 indicates a very good signal quality.

#### Examples:

Distance = 4,996 m, SF1

dec: 004.996<CR><LF>

hex: <SPACE>001384<CR><LF>

(= 4996 mm × SF1)

dec+sig: 004.996 000005<CR><LF>

(bad signal quality)

dec+sig: 004.996 000985<CR><LF>

(good signal quality)

Distance = 4,996 m, SF10

dec: 049.960<CR><LF> hex: \_00C328<CR><LF>

 $(= 49960 = 4996 \text{ mm} \times \text{SF10})$ 

dec+sig: 049.960 000005<CR><LF>

Error case

dec/hex: E15<CR><LF>

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(see page 49, chapoter 10, Error Codes)

## 8.5 Digital switching Output (Alarm)

With the help of a user-selectable distance threshold, the switching output can be set to monitor objects or conditions for positive or negative overstep.

For example, using the digital switching output, an object which was selected for measurement can be monitored for excision of a threshold value. To do this, parameter settings for a measurement window are required. Settings for this window can be made via the three parameters: Alarm Center (AC), Alarm Hysteresis (AH) and Alarm Width. The range which will be subject to monitoring begins at AC and ends at AC+AW. Switching transitions can be set via parameter AH.

The logic state of the switching output follows from the mathematical sign of AH.

In the case of a positive AH, the output switches

- with increasing distance:
  - from LOW to HIGH if the distance is greater than (AC ±AH/2)
  - from HIGH to LOW if the distance is greater than (AC+AW+AH/2)
- with decreasing distance:
  - from LOW to HIGH if the distance is smaller than (AC +AW-AH/2)
  - from HIGH to LOW the distance is smaller than (AC-AH/2)

In the case of a negative AH, the output switching pattern will be inverse.

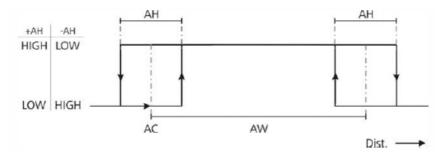


Figure 12: Digital switching output behavior

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#### Example:

A moving object is assumed to be monitored within a window of 10 m to 11 m with a hysteresis of 0.2 m.

AC10 AH0.2 AW1

Distan	ce (m) ir	ncreases	<b>→</b>							
	9.8	9.9	10.0	10.1	10.2		11.0	11.1	11.2	11.3
+AH	L	L	L	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	L	L
-AH	Н	Н	Н	L	L	L	L	Н	Н	Н

Distan	ce (m) d	ecreases	5 →							
	11,3	11,2	11,1	11,0	10,9	10,8		10,0	9,9	9,8
+AH	L	L	L	L	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	L
-AH	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	L	L	L	L	Н

L = LOW, H = HIGH

How the switching output is to behave on occurrence of an error message (E15, E16, E17, E18) can be defined by making suitable settings under "SE" (see 7.13, SE – display/set error mode [0/1/2])

# 8.6 Trigger Input<sup>18</sup>

The trigger input is intended for triggering a distance measurement with an external signal that is applied as a voltage pulse between 3 V and 20 V. This input is used only in trigger mode DF (DF – distance measurement with external trigger)!

It is for the user to specify a desired delay time and a pulse slope to be selected for synchronization (see 7.20, TDx y - display/set trigger delay trigger level). The distance measurement will always be started with a delay of 5 ms in addition with the programmed trigger delay time.

Having done this, the LDM42E has to be switched to trigger mode (see 7.6, DF – distance measurement with external trigger).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Trigger function is not available for devices with internal heating (option -h)

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# 9 List of Commands

Table 16: Command list LDM42E

Command	Description
DT	Starts distance tracking
DS	Starts distance tracking (< 7 m)
DW	Starts distance tracking on white target at 10 Hz
DX	Starts distance tracking on white target at 50 Hz
<b>DF</b> <sup>19</sup>	Starts remote-triggered single distance measurement (single shot)
DM	Starts single distance measurement (single shot)
TP	Queries inner temperature
SA	Queries / sets floating average value (120)
SD	Queries / sets output format (dec/hex/sig)
ST	Queries / sets time to measure (025)
SF	Queries / sets scale factor
SE	Queries / sets error mode (0, 1, 2)
AC	Queries / sets alarm center
AH	Queries / sets alarm hysteresis
AW	Queries / sets alarm with
HO <sup>20</sup>	Queries / sets temperature for heating on
HF <sup>20</sup>	Queries / sets temperature for heating off
RM	Queries / sets removal measurement parameters
TD	Queries / sets trigger delay and level
TM	Queries / sets trigger mode and level
BR	Queries / sets baud rate
AS	Queries / sets auto start
OF	Queries / sets offset
SO	Sets current distance as offset

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Trigger function is not available for devices with internal heating (option -h)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Only for devices with internal heating (option -h)

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Command	Description
LO	Turns Laser on (do not use, please use DT)
LF	Turns Laser off
PA	Displays all parameter values
PR	Resets all parameters to standard values (don't use)

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# 10 Error Codes

Table 17 : Error codes

Code	Description	Action
E15	Reflexes are too weak, <b>or</b> distance from LDM (front edge) to target is less than 0.1 m	Use white target board <sup>21</sup> <b>or</b> increase distance to target
E16	Reflexes are too strong	Use white target board or filter
E17	Too much steady light (e.g. sun) or reflexes are too strong	Use aperture or filter or white target board
E18	DX mode (only LDM42E): reflexes too weak, or distance from LDM (front edge) to target is less than 0.1 m	Use white target board <b>or</b> increase distance to target
E19	DX mode (only LDM42E): Target motion speed > 10 m/s	Reduce motion speed
E23	Inner temperature below – 10°C	Heading necessary
E24	Inner temperature above + 60°C	Cooling necessary
E31	EEPROM checksum error	Necessary to repair
E51	Failed to set avalanche voltage	Necessary to repair
E52	Excessively high Laser current / Laser defect	Necessary to repair
E53	Division by 0	SF must be unequal of zero or necessary to repair
E54	Hardware error, PLL range	Necessary to repair
E55	Other hardware error	Necessary to repair
E61	Invalid command	Correct input
E62	Wrong parameter, wrong command	Check data transmission
E63	SIO overflow	Check data transmission
E64	SIO framing error	Check data transmission

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> e.g. 3M, self adhesive foil matte white

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# 11 EG Declaration of Conformity



In accordance with the

Directive of Electromagnetic Compatibility 2004/108/EG

The company ASTECH Angewandte Sensortechnik GmbH in Schonenfahrerstr. 5, 18057 Rostock / Germany herewith declare, represented by the signatory, that the following designated product

#### Laser Distance Measurement Sensor

## LDM41E / LDM42E

agrees with the following harmonized standard:

#### IEC 61326-1

# Electromagnetic interference and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) \*including radio interference

Rostock, 21. September 2010

ASTECH Angewandte Sensortechnik GmbH

Jens Mirow

General Manager

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# 12 Part Numbers

Table 18: Part numbers

Part-No.	Name
10-2029-00	LDM42E
10-2037-00	LDM42E-h with heating
15-0040-00	Connection cable Ethernet M12 - RJ45, 3m
15-0040-01	Connection cable Ethernet M12 - RJ45, 5m
15-0040-02	Connection cable Ethernet M12 - RJ45, 10m
15-0011-00	Female cable connector Power and I/O, 5-pin A-coded
15-2002-00	CC4xPE 5 ,Connection cable Power and I/O, 5m
15-2002-01	CC4xPE-10, Connection cable Power and I/O, 10m
15-0019-00	PC-Programming cable RS232, 5m
11-0001-00	USB-RS232 Interface converter, 0.2m
12-2006-00	PW4-S-10, Protection window Standard for LDM4x-Series
12-2030-00	GFW2-10, Grey filter 2-fach for LDM4x-Series
12-2030-01	GFW4-10, Grey filter 4-fach for LDM4x-Series
12-2010-00	ARF-w, Reflection foil matte/white, A4
12-2011-00	ARF-s, Highly reflective foil silver, A4
12-2015-00	PT4x-AIR, Protection tube for pressure air for LDM4x-Series
11-0006-00	ASTECH USB Stick (Documentation and Software)
16-2004-01	Printed Manual LDM42E, A5, DE
16-2004-02	Printed Manual LDM42E, A5, EN
17-2000-00	License number for PC-Software LDMTOOL for LDM3x und LDM4x

Note: Several single sensors are also available as packages including sensor and cable, manual and USB-stick with documentation and software (sets).